

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS

1.

(From Previous Year)

For Degree-I (Hons.)

By-Dr.Rinky ,Dept.of Chemistry,13/10/2020

Explain the following :-

a. Acetylene is a Linear molecule.

Ans. Acetylene (C_2H_2)

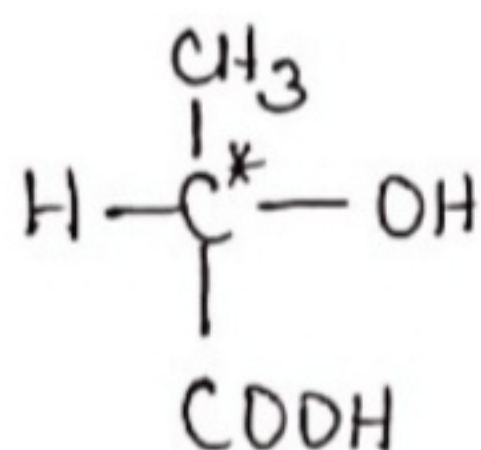
Structure : $H-C \equiv C-H$

Hybridisation of both carbon in acetylene is sp .

In case of acetylene one σ -bond between both carbon is formed by overlapping of $sp-sp$ hybridisation and two π -bond is formed by side by side (colateral) overlapping of two unhybrid p -orbital of both carbon. Since, $H-C-C$ bond angle in sp -hybrid orbital is 180° hence, it is a linear molecule.

b. Lactic acid exhibits optical Isomerism. ^{2.}

Ans.



Lactic Acid

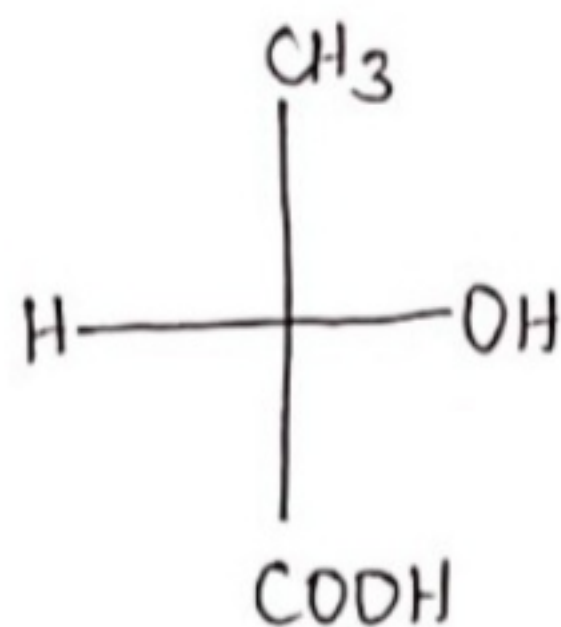
* Lactic acid has one chiral carbon which is star marked in structure.

* We know that the tetrahedral molecule having at least one chiral carbon is known as optically active molecule.

Thus, Lactic acid exhibits optical isomerism due to presence of one chiral carbon.

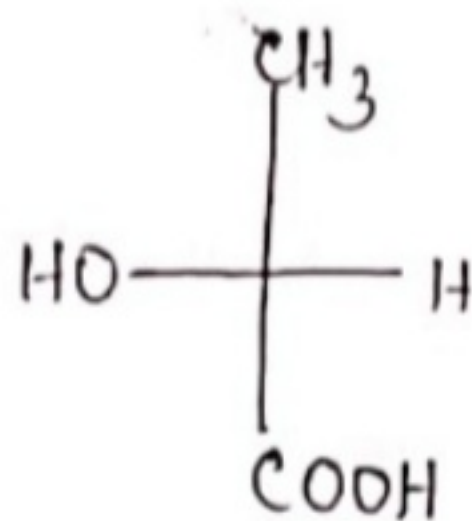
* The no. of optical isomers of Lactic acid = $2^1 = 2$

* Out of these two isomers one is dextro rotatory and other is laevo rotatory.



(dextro)

+ Lactic acid



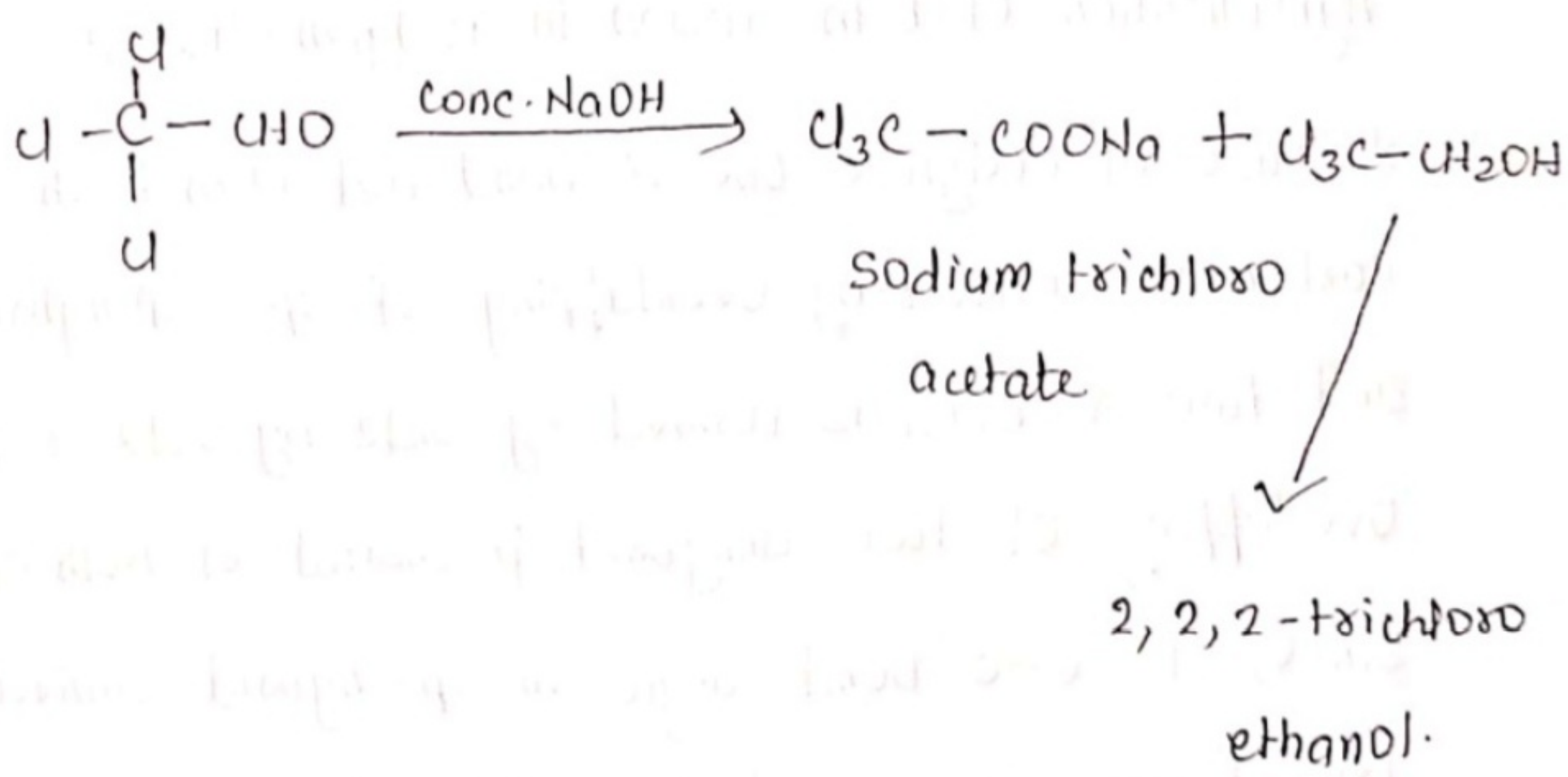
Laevo

(-) Lactic acid

C. Trichloroacetaldehyde undergoes Cannizzaro Reaction.

Ans. Cannizzaro reaction is given by those aldehyde which don't have any α -hydrogen.

Cl_3C-CHO also don't have any α -hydrogen, hence show Cannizzaro reaction. When trichloroacetaldehyde is subjected to Cannizzaro reaction by using conc. NaOH then salt of trichloro acetic acid and 2,2,2-trichloro ethanol will formed.



Completed..